# What Can I Know?

# (18) Doubting our Beliefs

- Describe the differences between Aristotelian science and modern science
- Describe these central features of modernity:
  - The new science
  - Emphasis on the individual
  - Questioning tradition and authority
- Explain the traditional understanding of knowledge and belief
- · Describe the two basic models of justification
  - Coherentism
  - Foundationalism
- Explain why Descartes thinks the sciences need a new foundation
- Explain Descartes' skeptical approach, and how it is related to the following:
  - Methodological doubt
  - Dreams and demons
  - Radical skepticism

## (19) Cartesian Dualism

- Explain Descartes' "Cogito Argument"
- Explain Borges' story, and how Descartes would understand it
- Explain Descartes' answer to the question: What am I?
  - Explain what he means by Res cogitans
- Describe Descartes' reconstruction of the world
  - Solipsism
  - Proving God's existence
  - Clear and distinct ideas
- Explain Cartesian Dualism and its puzzles
  - Two kinds of substance
  - Substances and attributes
  - Human beings as mind/body complexes
  - Problem of mind/body interaction

## (20) Locke's Empiricism

- · Distinguish rationalism and empiricism
- Describe Locke's view of the human mind at birth
- Describe innate ideas, and arguments for and against their existence
- Describe atomism
- Explain Locke's distinction between qualities and ideas
- Explain the importance of distinguishing ideas from their causes
  - representational theory of ideas
  - real objects and sensible objects
- Explain the difference between primary and secondary qualities

# Is There a God?

# (21) Believing and Disbelieving in God

- Explain how one might justify "belief in God"
- Explain the difference between theism, atheism, and agnosticism
- Explain why belief in God might be thought problematic
  - "God of the Gaps"
  - Plurality of religions
  - Problem of evil
- Explain Durkheim's explanation of religious belief
- Explain Freud's explanation of religious belief
- Describe the three kinds of religion discussed by Einstein

#### (22) Faith and Reason

- Explain the different concepts of the word 'faith'. How does Aquinas understand it?
- Describe Theism, Deism, and Fideism
- Describe natural and revealed religion
- Describe general and special revelation
- Explain and evaluate Rousseau's arguments against revealed religion
- Explain the kinds of proofs of God's existence, and the philosophical positions regarding these

#### (23) The Argument from Design

- Describe Paley's argument for God's existence
- Explain the difference between the teleological argument and the argument from design
- Explain the features of a "machine-like structure" (MLS) and the nature of purpose.
- Explain how evolutionary biology weakens the argument from design
- Describe and evaluate the three kinds of design arguments (from the possibility of science; from the anthropic principle; from irreducible complexity)
- Describe Begley's understanding of the relationship between religion and science

## (24) The Problem of Evil

- Describe the basic features of a theodicy: What is it and why is it needed?
- Explain the difference between viewing evil as an instrumental good and as a by-product of the good
- Describe and evaluate the logical argument from evil
- Describe and evaluate the evidential argument from evil
- Describe the free will defense
- Explain why Leibniz believed that we live in "the best of all possible worlds"
- Explain Ivan Karamazov's comment that he is "returning his ticket"